

Construction of Kallottuthara Bridge across Thottuvathalapalli Stream and Road connecting Karuvattakuppappuram Road to Pazhoor Bridge and Kainakari Road - Social Impact Study on Land Acquisition of Private Individuals - Final Report.



A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'M. S. S.', written over a horizontal line.



Chairman
Social Impact Assessment Study Unit
KAIROS - Kannur

28.05.2025

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Construction of Kallottuthara Bridge across Thottuvathalapalli Stream and Road connecting Karuvattakuppappuram Road to Pazhoor Bridge and Kainakari Road - Social Impact Study on Land Acquisition of Private Individuals - Final Report.

In Kainakari South Village, RS 289/3, 280/3, 270/4, 290/1, 290/6, 291/53, 288/22, 283/10, 279/2, 242/2, 274/8, 274/12, 274/9, 282/8, 282/5, 277/7, 270/13, 270/2, 270/10, 265/5, 265/4, 265/2, 277/6, 268/9, 286/92, 266/93, 266/94, 258/2, 258/3, 258/1, 266/1, 266/2, The land of 2.3080 hectares belonging to the numbers 258/8 258/9 258/10, 258/17 258/13, 244/11, 246/4, 244/1, 246/16, 244/8, 244/9, 244/9, 244/6, 229/1, 229/8, 283/119, 323/10, 323/8, 277/9, 266/7, 244/212, 244/7, 244/212, and 244/212, in connection with the construction of a stone bridge across the stream and a road connecting both

sides, is the right to rehabilitation, fair compensation and transparency in the acquisition of private land in 2013. The final version of the report prepared by Kannur association for Integrated Rural Organization and Support (KAIROS) Kannur, which was empanelled at the state level to conduct a social impact study in accordance with the provisions and rules of the Act on Rehabilitation and Restoration, has been prepared.

Executive Summary

❖ Project and Public Purpose

The land of private individuals is being acquired for the construction of the Kallottuthara Bridge across the Thottuwatala Palli stream in the Kainakari Grama Panchayat of the Kuttanad Assembly Constituency and the road connecting the Pazhur Bridge from Karuvatta Kuppappuram Road to Pazhur Bridge with the Kainakari Road. Currently, there is a partially tarred Panchayat road through this. Since both sides of this road are fields, during the rainy season, the people of the area have difficulty to access the roads that lead to the Panchayat Office, Village Office, Primary Health Center, etc., to meet various needs and to go to places of worship for spiritual needs.

Moreover, it was mentioned that this area is a field. Here, two-crop rice cultivation is done and then vegetable cultivation is done. When the rainy season comes, it is not possible to use fertilizers and pesticides for rice cultivation in a timely manner. If the bridge and the associated road are realized, it will be very beneficial for the agricultural sector. The existing panchayat road through this road has been tarred only partially. Since this road has curves in many places, the land is being acquired from some parts of the existing road to reduce the distance and reduce the cost.

Location

Construction of Kallottuthara Bridge across Thottuvathalapalli Stream and Road connecting Karuvattakuppappuram Road to Pazhoor Bridge and Kainakari Road Kainakari South Village RS 289/3, 280/3, 270/4 290/1 290/6, 291/5---3,288/2-- -2, 283/10, 279/2, 242/2, 274/8, 274/12, 274/9, 282/8, 282/5, 277/7, 270/13, 270/2, 270/10, 265/5, 265/4, 265/2, 277/6, 266/9, 266/9-2, 266/9-3, 266/9-4, 258/2 258/3 258/1, 266/1, 266/2, 258/8 258/9 258/10, 258/17 , 258/13,

244/11, 246/4, 244/1, 246/16, 244/8, 244/9, 244/9, 244/6, 229/1, 229/6, 283/11-9, 323/1A, 323/8, 277/9, 266/7, 244/2-1-2, 244/7, 244/2-1-2, The land required for construction and related road construction has been surveyed by the land surveyors and the concerned revenue authorities or the survey department have not conducted an official survey, so each farmer/landowner does not know clearly how much of their land will be acquired for this project, but according to the survey conducted by the land surveyors, the total area is 2.3080 hectares. This is approximately 5 acres 70 cents of land.

Size and Attributes of Land Acquisition

Kallottuthara the land to be acquired for the construction of the bridge and associated road is currently Panchayat Road from Karuvatta Kuppappuram Road in Kainakari Grama Panchayath in the west to Pazhoor Bridge in the east. In the initial and final stages, agricultural land is being acquired on both sides of the road in the middle stage to reduce the curves of the existing road. Here, the agricultural land of Seethalakshmiamma Irupathiyezhil Chirayil, is being cut into two and his house is being lost. Similarly, when you reach the place belonging to Thiruhridaya Church, the main gate entering the church and the church yard are also affected.

Alternatives Considered

Here, land of private individuals is being acquired for the construction of the Kallottuthara bridge across the Thottuvathalapalli stream and the road connecting Karuvatta Kuppappuram road to Pazhurpalam with Pazhurpalam Kainakari road. Currently, there is a partially tarred panchayat road through this from Karuvatta Kuppappuram road, on both sides of this road, from the farm of Sivan Kutty Madathanil Thamalu to the Thiruhridaya Pallivaka site, field land is being acquired by changing the course of the existing road to reduce its length. Then, land is being acquired from the farm of Windum Devasya Ousep Unnitharaveetil to Pazhurpalam on both sides of the road. When field land is

being acquired by changing the course of the existing road, most people's agricultural land is also being cut into two. In this area If this road is shifted a little further south and north when it is acquired, it will reduce the number of complaints that agricultural land is being cut in two and this road will be useful to more people. Since it is an approach road to the bridge, there is no need to consider a replacement site.

Social Impacts

The land being acquired is on both sides of the Thottuwathalala church stream, from the Karuvatta Kuppappuram road, on both sides of this road, from the farm of Sivan Kutty Madathanil Vittil to the Thiruhridaya church property, and the field land is being acquired by diverting the route to reduce the length of the existing road. Then again, the land is being acquired from the farm of Devasya Ousep T Unnitharaveetil to Pazharpalam on both sides of the road. Here, the house of Seethalakshmiamma Irupathiyezhilchirayil, is also partially lost. Similarly, when you reach the Thiruhridaya church property, the main gate entering the church and the church yard are affected. The land being acquired is field land, where two-crop paddy cultivation and vegetable cultivation are done here. In addition, fruit trees such as coconut, kamuk, banana, mango, guava, and papaya, as well as trees such as acacia, poovarash, and kodampuli, as well as structures such as rainwater tanks, church stages, and wells, are being lost.

❖ Mitigation Measures

As per the rules and regulations, compensation should be pay to the owners of the land as well as Fruit trees and other trees.

Detailed project description

Background of the project, including developer's background and governance/management structure.

The Kallottuthara Bridge across the Thottuwatala Palli stream and the road from Karuvatta Kuppappuram Road to Pazhur Bridge, connecting Pazhur Bridge to Kainakari Road are envisaged here. Currently, there is a partially tarred panchayat road through this road. Since both sides are fields, during the rainy season, the people of the area are unable to go to places like the Panchayat Office, Village Office, Primary Health Center, etc. to fulfill various needs. Similarly, it is difficult to go to places of worship and fulfill spiritual needs. Moreover, as mentioned earlier, this area is a field, and two-crop rice and vegetable cultivation are done here. During the rainy season, it is not possible to apply fertilizers and pesticides to rice cultivation in a timely manner. This project has been done as a solution to this crisis. The bridge and the associated road that will make the vision a reality are very beneficial for the agricultural sector. As a government institution, the Public Works Department has a proper administrative system.

Rationale for project including how the project fits the public purpose criteria listed in the act

This project is essential for this area. Currently, there is a partially tarred panchayat road through this road. Since both sides of this road are fields, during the rainy season, the people of the area are unable to go to places like the panchayat office, village office, primary health center, etc. and fulfill various needs. Similarly, it is difficult to go to places of worship and fulfill spiritual needs. Here, two crops of paddy are grown in the fields and then vegetables are grown. During the rainy season, it is not possible to apply fertilizers and pesticides to paddy cultivation in a timely manner. This project has been conceived as a permanent solution to this crisis. An agricultural auxiliary road and bridge are essential and beneficial.

❖ **Details of project size, location, capacity, output, production targets, costs, risks etc.**

In the first phase, road works will be required. This will be about two kilometers long. Due to the topography of Kuttanad, water transport is of great importance. While constructing bridges even for small streams, the possibility of water transport should also be studied and considered. While constructing bridges taking water transport into account, there should be facilities for boats to pass through without difficulty, that is, the bridge should have a good height. When constructing high bridges, the entrance to the bridge, the height of the road on both sides of the bridge is essential. More space is required in this part to ensure the safety of the road. Since it is a field area, protective walls have to be built on both sides of the road and filled with soil and other available quarry waste and raised above the ground level.

❖ **Examination of alternatives**

- ❖ The land is suitable for building a bridge and an adjoining road. Special permission is required to fill up the field land and use it for other purposes, and the experience during the construction of the current road is being recalled here. Therefore, there is a question as to whether it is necessary to fill up the field land and cut the area into strips and then build a road, or is it not enough to build a bridge on the existing road and make it suitable for traffic by tarring it.

❖ **Phases of project construction**

- Six boreholes are being constructed.
- Concrete pile foundation
- The approach roads are 48 meters long on the Thottuwatala side and 52 meters long on the To Church Road side.
- Eight spans of 26 meters in length
- Made with Asian ingredients

- The bridge, which is 12 meters wide, has a 7.5-meter wide carriageway for vehicles to pass through.
- 1.5 meter wide sidewalk on both sides
- The first phase of foundation laying activities
- Activities as per technical instructions and plan estate prepared after site visit.
- Construction of foundation pillars using cement concrete
- Bridge/slab construction using cement concrete
- Construction of protective walls on both sides of the road
- Slab construction and tarring operations using cement concrete for the road

❖ **Core design features and size and type of facility**

Since Irupoo is a paddy field area, the soil structure is scientifically studied. After examining it, since the construction is a waterway, the height of the bridge is increased proportionally and the approach roads on both sides are constructed accordingly. The various stages explained in the Phases of project construction just above are shown once again below.

- Six boreholes are being constructed.
- Concrete pile foundation
- The approach roads are 48 meters long on the Thottuwatala side and 52 meters long on the To Church Road side.
- Eight spans of 26 meters in length
- Made with Asian ingredients
- The bridge, which is 12 meters wide, has a 7.5-meter wide carriageway for vehicles to pass through.
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- The first phase of foundation laying activities
- Activities as per technical instructions and plan estate prepared after site visit.
- Construction of foundation pillars using cement concrete
- Bridge/slab construction using cement concrete
- Construction of protective walls on both sides of the road
- Slab construction and tarring operations using cement concrete for the road

The land is being acquired on both sides of the Thottuwatala Church stream. From the Karuvatta–Karuvatta Kuppappuram road to the farm of Sivan Kutty (Madathanil Vittil), both sides of the road are being acquired. Thereafter, the road is being diverted through the field land, including that of Thiruhridaya Church, in order to reduce its length. Further, from the farm of Devasya Ousep Unnitharaveetil to Pazharpalam, land on both sides of the road is being acquired. In this section, a portion of the house belonging to Seethalakshmi Amma Irupathiyezhil Chirayil will be lost. Similarly, part of the perimeter wall of Thiruhridaya Church, the main gate along with the stage, the well, and the courtyard will also be partially lost. Additionally, the rainwater tank of Joseph Chacko Unnitharaveetil will be lost.

❖ **Details of social impact assessment/ Environment impact assessment if already conducted and any technical feasibility reports**

No

❖ Applicable law and policies

The following are adequate and practical rules to minimize the potential impact on the income, livelihoods, environment or public health of the owners of the land acquired and those making a living from that land when land is acquired for public purposes. Impact here

1. RFCTLARR Act, 2013
2. RFCTLARR Act (Kerala) rules 2015
3. RTI Act 2005 etc

Team composition approach, methodology and schedule of the Social Impact Assessment

In Kainakari South Village RS 289/3, 280/3, 270/4 290/1 290/6, 291/53,288/22, 283/10, 279/2, 242/2, 274/8, 274/12, 274/9, 282/8, 282/5, 277/7, 270/13, 270/2, 270/10, 265/5, 265/4, 265/2, 277/6, 266/9, 266/92, 266/93, 266/94, 258/2 258/3 258/1, 266/1, 266/2, 258/8 258/9 258/10, 258/17 , 258/13, 244/11, 246/4, 244/1, 246/16, 244/8, 244/9, 244/9, 244/6, 229/1, 229/6, 283/119, 323/100, 323/8, 277/9, 266/7, 244/212, 244/7, 244/212, The responsibility for conducting a social impact assessment regarding the acquisition of 2.3060 hectares (5 acres 70 cents) of land belonging to the numbers Thottuthalala stream for the construction of Kallottuthara bridge and associated roads has been given to KAIROS Kannur Association For Integrated Rural Organization and Support, Kannur, a Track A NGO, which has been operating for the last 25 years and is empanelled at the state level, based in Barnassery, Kannur, has been entrusted with the responsibility as per the procedure of the Alappuzha District Collector, DCALP/2512/2022 A3 dated 28/12/2024. Regarding this Official Notification in Gazette Extraordinary No. 3961 dated 12/12/2024. KAIROS Kannur Association For Integrated Rural Organization and Support, a Track A NGO, is based in Kannur. The responsibility has been assigned as per the procedure of the Alappuzha District Collector, DCALP/2512/2022 A3 dated 28/12/2024. The official notification in

this regard has also been published in the Extraordinary Gazette No. 3961 dated 12/12/2024.

❖ **List of all team members with qualification**

Sl No	Name	Designation	Education qualification
1	Fr. George Mathew 9447793430	Chairman	Bsc psychology
2	Fr. Shaiju Peter, 940037139	Member	Msw, Sociologist
3	Mr. K V Chandran 9846871777	Member	BA (Eco), MA (His), Ttd. Fisheries Dvlp Officer
4	Mr. Roy Cherian 9048002849	Member	B Com , Chain Survey (Lower)
5	Mrs. Jessy Reji- 9947584887	Member	BA (Mal), DCA

❖ **Description and rationale for the methodology and tools used to collect information for the social impact assessment**

This is currently the Panchayat Road connecting the Pazhur Bridge with the Kainakari Road from Karuvatta Kuppappuram Road in Kainakari Grama Panchayat to Pazhur Bridge. Since both sides of this partially tarred road are fields, during the rainy season, people in the area find it difficult to go to places like the Panchayat Office, Village Office, Primary Health Center or to fulfill various needs. Similarly, it is difficult to go to places of worship and fulfill spiritual needs. Apart from that, it was mentioned that this area is a field, and two-crop paddy cultivation is done here and then vegetable cultivation is done. When the rainy season comes, it is not possible to apply fertilizers and pesticides to paddy cultivation in a timely manner. As a permanent solution to all these crises, land is being acquired here for the construction of a stone bridge and a road connecting Pazhurpalam to

Kainakari Road from Karuvatta Kuppappuram Road. In order to conduct a detailed study in this regard, the President of Kainakari Grama Panchayat, Mr. President, and the X 20 Sreemathi Praseetha, Kainakari Grama Panchayat Prasad, Vice Ward Representative of the project area Secretary Sree Abhilash A O, beneficiaries of approach Road, Mr. Joy Pallikkal, Mr. Bobby Varghese Kannulasseril, Mr. Manoharan Pathilchirayil, Mr. Sasidharan Karamatraveetil, and Mr. Pushpan (CPIM Branch Secretary) also got cooperation to make the problems and difficulties of the residents more clear Participatory Observation, Participatory Rural Appraisal, Informal interview with key Informant the tools were also used. The public claims meeting will be held to clarify the issue further and, if necessary, the opinion of the Director of Public Prosecutions will be collected and included in the final report.

❖ **Sampling methodology used**

Social impact assessment regarding the acquisition of this land has been conducted using methods such as Convenience sampling, Voluntary response sampling, Purposive sampling, and Beneficiary Assessment.

❖ **Overview of information/ data sources used**

Since the area under the Kainakari Grama Panchayat is predominantly agricultural land, residents face significant difficulties during the rainy season in accessing essential services such as the Panchayat Office, Village Office, and Primary Health Center, as well as in meeting other daily needs. Similarly, they are often unable to visit places of worship or fulfil their spiritual obligations. This field is typically used for two rice crops annually, followed by vegetable cultivation. However, during the rainy season, it becomes difficult to apply fertilizers and pesticides to the rice crop in a timely manner. As a permanent solution to these ongoing problems, the

construction of the Kallottuthara Bridge is being proposed. This bridge will connect the Karuvatta–Kuppappuram Road to the Pazhoor Bridge and the Kainakari Road. Suitable land is also available for the construction of the connecting road. For this purpose, in Kainakari South Village, R.S. 289/3, 280/3, 270/4 290/1 290/6, 291/5---3, 288/2---2, 283/10, 279/2, 242/2, 274/8, 274/12, 274/9, 282/8, 282/5, 277/7, 270/13, 270/2, 270/10, 265/5, 265/4, 265/2, 277/6, 266/9, 266/9-2, 266/9-3, 266/9-4, 258/2 258/3 258/1, 266/1, 266/2, 258/8 258/9 258/10, 258/17 , 258/13, 244/11, 246/4, 244/1, 246/16, 244/8, 244/9, 244/9, 244/6, 229/1, 229/6, 283/11-9, 323/1A, 323/8, 277/9, 266/7, 244/2-1-2, 244/7, 244/2-1-2, 2.3060 hectares of land belonging to the numbers and are being acquired. Information regarding the land to be acquired was collected from the Grama Panchayat President, Vice President, ward representatives of the project area, Grama Panchayat Secretary, beneficiaries of the approach road, and Public Works Department officials from all of you.

❖ **Schedule of consultations with key stakeholders and brief description of public hearings conducted**

Public Hearing

The construction of a stone bridge and an adjoining road across the Thottuthalala Church Stream, which belongs to Kainakari South Village, and is on both sides of the Thottuthalala Church Stream 289/3, 280/3, 270/4 290/1 290/6, 291/53, 288/22, 283/10, 279/2, 242/2, 274/8, 274/12, 274/9, 282/8, 282/5, 277/7, 270/13, 270/2, 270/10, 265/5, 265/4, 265/2, 277/6, 266/9, 266/92, 266/93, 266/94, 258/2 258/3 258/1, 266/1, 266/2, 258/8 258/9 258/10, 258/17 , 258/13, 244/11, 246/4, 244/1, 246/16, 244/8, 244/9, 244/9, 244/6, 229/1, 229/6, 283/119, 323/100, 323/8, 277/9, 266/7, 244/212, 244/7, 244/212, A public hearing meeting of landowners, affected persons, other interested parties and public representatives regarding the acquisition of 2.3060

hectares (5 acres 70 cents) of land falling under the numbers was convened on 2nd May 2025 at Kainakari Panchayat Hall. A notice in this regard was published in Mangalam and Deepika newspapers dated 17.04.2025. In addition, a notice was sent to the landowners through regd.post. 46 people from serial number 1 N. A. Parvathy to serial number 46 Roy Cherian attended the meeting.

A public hearing meeting of landowners and other interested parties regarding the social impact study of Kattuthara Bridge- Approach Road Construction- Land Acquisition in Kainakari South Village, Kuttanad Taluk, Alappuzha District was held on Friday, 02.05.2025 at 10.30 am at Kainakari Grama Panchayat Hall. Study Unit Member Smt. Jessy Reji welcomed the participants and explained the purpose of the public hearing meeting. Kainakari Grama Panchayat President Smt. Praseetha presided over the meeting. Alappuzha LA General Smt. Ganga P Nair and Revenue Inspector Mr. Rajeev R explained the project and its objectives. PWD Thakazhi Bridge Section Assistant Engineer Mrs. Rajalakshmi, staff members Mr. Ajimon, Mrs. Revathi, and Kainakari Grama Panchayat Development Standing Committee Chairman Mr. KA Pramod were also present in the meeting. 46 people from whom were present from NR Parvathy to Roy Cherian participated in the meeting. The following are the suggestions of the parties after the public hearing meeting.

1. Jiji Jacob, S/o Chacko Pollayil

I am willing to give up my land for the proposed development, provided that I receive fair and adequate compensation, as the land in is currently used for cultivating two crops of rice annually

2. Mr. Ajayan Athithara

I am ready to give up the land, if I receive a fair compensation.

3. Gopalan S/o Surendran Mangalasseril,

The land is divided into two parts. The road should be shifted to either the south or the north or the land should be acquired as a whole. I am ready to give up the land if I get reasonable compensation.

4. K. G. Gandhi S/o Govindan Konthachampampil

The road should also be diverted to the south side and a tractor should be provided for the field. I am ready to vacate the land if I receive fair compensation.

5. Ranjith C.G. Kuttithara

I am ready to give up the entire area, should be acquired with fair compensation.

6. Sisupalan S/o Raman Kalambu Kadu

I am ready to give up the land, if I receive a fair compensation.

7. Sudharma W/o Sisupalan Kalampu forest

I am ready to give up the land, if I receive a fair compensation.

8. Sivankutty S/o Neelakantan at Madathanil house,

I am ready to give up the land, if I receive a fair compensation.

9. Jijimon KV S/o Varkey Kalathithara

I am ready to give up the land, if I receive a fair compensation.

10. Manoharan Pathilchirayil

If the bridge alignment is moved slightly towards the north, then the remaining land can be sold as a single plot, if I get fair compensation.

11. Aniyamma Kunjumon, Kuru Vidasseril

I am ready to give up the land if I get fair compensation. It is a land used for double crop rice cultivation. It is divided into two. A system should be ensured to bring water to the field.

12. Antappan Chacko Karingattu

I am ready to give up the land if I get fair compensation. It is a land used for double crop rice cultivation. The land is cut in two. A system should be ensured to bring water to the field

13. Monsi Alias Thomas Ousep S/o Ousep

It is a land where two crops of paddy are cultivated, it is divided into two. A system for supplying water to the field should be ensured and it should be shifted to the north. I am ready to give up the land if I get fair compensation.

14. Prasannan S/o Sreedharan Kalathuchira

This is a land used for two-crop rice cultivation. If this is divided into two, if this is shifted a little to the south, the remaining area will become one, and a system for bringing water to the field should be ensured. I am ready to give up the land if I get fair compensation.

15. Xavier Joseph S/o Joseph Irupathizhilchira,

It is a land used for two-crop rice cultivation. I am ready to give up the land if I get fair compensation.

16. Saju Santappan Karingad

I am ready to give up the land that is used for two-crop rice cultivation if I get fair compensation.

17. Bobby Varghese S/o K. V. Varghese Kannulasseril

This is a field where two crops of rice are grown. It is divided into two. The system for bringing water to the field is ensured.

18. Seethalakshmiamma, on the twenty-seventh day of the month,

The land should be acquired in its entirety with fair compensation.

19. Vicar, Sacred Heart Parish Affairs

It was suggested that it would be better to change the existing alignment. The land should be taken along the border. If the land is available, I am willing to give up reasonable compensation.

20. David Irvathizhilchirayil,

I am willing to give up the land if I get reasonable compensation.

21. Devasya S/o Ousep Unnitharaveetil

A system for bringing water to the fields should be ensured. If available, the land should be given up for fair compensation.

22. Shaibu Joseph S/o Joseph Unnitharaveetil

I am ready to give up the land if I get the appropriate compensation.

23. (1) P J Joshi S/o Joy Pallikkalveetil (2). Dalia W/o P J Joshi

Ready to give up reasonable compensation location if available

24. Shaji Puthanpurakkal

The land is being divided into two. A system for bringing water to the fields should be ensured. I am ready to give up the land if I get fair compensation.

25. Leelamma Thayyil

I am ready to give up the land if I get the appropriate compensation.

26. Thomas S/o Ammini

I am ready to give up the land if I get the appropriate compensation.

27.Thresyamma Grigorios Velamparambil

I am ready to give up the land if I get the appropriate compensation.

28. Sasidharan S/o Kuttiyamma, Karamathra Veettil

I am ready to give up the land if I get the appropriate compensation.

29. Nishad S/o Maniyan 2, at his house in Panamukkam, Valasini

The land is being divided into two. A system for bringing water to the fields should be ensured. I am ready to give up the land if I get fair compensation.

30. Suresh Kochuchattuthara

I am ready to give up the land if I get the appropriate compensation.

31. Shivanandan Karamathra Veettil

I am ready to give up the land if I get the appropriate compensation

32. M C Anil S/o Chellappan Muttungal

The width has been increased only on one side. Therefore, more space is lost. I am ready to give up the space if I get fair compensation.

33. Antony Chacko, Kanjuparambil

I am ready to give up the land if I get the appropriate compensation

34. Lijumon, S/o Purushothaman, Ikkaratharayil

I am ready to give up the land if I get the appropriate compensation

35. Rudrani Ikkaratharayil

I am ready to give up the land if I get the appropriate compensation

36. Sudhamani, Noottambathin Chirayil

I am ready to give up the land if I get the appropriate compensation

37. Antony Irupathizhilchirayil,

Ready to give up the land if fair compensation is received

38. Joseph Thomas Aikkara

Since the land is almost taken over by the road, it will not be possible to build a house on the remaining land, so the entire land should be acquired at a reasonable price and compensation should be given.

39.Sarojini Moolechira

I am ready to give up the land if I get the appropriate compensation

40. Sri Ranjith C.G. Cherukad Pallikadavil

Since the land is too close to the road and the remaining land is too small to build a house on, the entire land should be acquired with fair compensation.

41. Mrs. Praseetha (Vice President of Grama Panchayat, Ward Member)

Since more people's land is being cut into two, it was suggested that the current alignment should be changed and an additional section should be taken to provide a fair solution for everyone.

42. Shri Rajiv R (Revenue Inspector)

The compensation is determined by examining the 3-year land tenure and looking at the availability of land, road facilities, etc. It was announced that the period for providing compensation is one year from the date of the initial notification.

43.Shri Ajimon KM (PWD)

When the members of the Sacred Heart Church and other landowners expressed their opinions about changing the alignment, they stated that they intended to carry out construction work according to the new alignment, and that changing the current alignment would be a practical difficult.

The comments sent by the Executive Engineer-PWD Bridges Section, Alappuzha, who is the responsible authority for the recommendations, are attached below.

No	Name and Address	Recommendations
1	Gigi Jacob S/o Chacko Polla	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding compensation.
2	Ajayan Athithara	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding compensation for losses.
3.	Gopalan S/o Surendran Mangalathuseril	It is not practical to change the proposed alignment. The decision regarding compensation is taken by the Revenue Department.
4	K.G. Gandhi S/o Govindan	Changing the proposed alignment
5	Ranjith C.G. Kuttithara	Only the land required for the project will be acquired. The decision on compensation will be taken by the Revenue Department.
6	Sisupalan S/o Raman Kalampukattu	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding compensation.
7	Sudharma W/o Raman Kalampukattu	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding compensation.
8	Sivankutty S/o Neelakandan Madathanil	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding compensation.

	Veetil	
9	Jijimon K.V. S/o Varkey Kalathithara	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding compensation.
10	Manoharan Pathin Chirayil	Only the land required for the project will be acquired. The Revenue Department will take the decision regarding compensation..
11	Annieamma Kunjumon Kuruvitasseril	The decision regarding compensation for losses is taken by the Revenue Department. The system for transporting water to the fields is ensured.
12	Antappan Chacko Karingattu	The decision regarding compensation for losses is taken by the Revenue Department. The system for transporting water to the fields is ensured.
13	Monsi S/o Ousef Pathilchirayil	The decision regarding compensation for losses is taken by the Revenue Department. The system for transporting water to the fields is ensured.
14	Prasannan S/o Sreedharan Kalathu Chira	It is not practical to change the proposed alignment. The water system is to be ensured in the field for transportation. The decision regarding compensation is taken by the Revenue Department.
15	Xavier Ouseph S/o Ouseph Irupatezhilchirayil	The Revenue Department will take the decision regarding compensation.

16	Saju Antappan Karingattu	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding compensation for losses.
17	Bobby Varghese S/o KV Varghese	A confirmation has to be given , regarding water to be taken to the field . The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding the system compensation loss.
18	Seethalakshmi Amma Irupatizhilchirayil	Only the land required for the project will be acquired. The Revenue Department will take the decision regarding compensation.
19	Vicar of the Sacred Heart Church	It is not practical to change the proposed alignment. The decision regarding compensation is taken by the Revenue Department.
20	David Irvathizhilchirayil	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding compensation for losses.
21	Devasya S/o Ouseph Unnitharaveettil	The water supply to the fields will be ensured by the system. The decision regarding compensation for losses will be taken by the Revenue Department.

22	Shaibu Joseph S/o Joseph Unnitharaveetil	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding compensation for losses.
23	P. J. Joshi S/o Joy	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding compensation for losses.
24	Shaji Puthanpurakkal	The water supply to the fields will be ensured by the system. The decision regarding compensation for losses will be taken by the Revenue Department
25	Leelamma Tayil	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding compensation for losses.
26	Thomas S/o Ammini	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding compensation for losses.
27	Thresyamma Gregorius Velam Parampil	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding compensation for losses.
28	Sasidharan s/o Kuttiyamma	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding compensation for losses.
29	Nishad S/o Maniyan	It is ensured that the water is transported to the field. The decision regarding the

		water system solution is taken by the Revenue Department.
30	Suresh Kochuchattuthara	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding the solution.
31	Shinanandan Karamathra Veettil	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding the solution.
32	M C Ani, S/o Chellappan Muttunkal	The alignment has been determined in a manner convenient for the smooth implementation of the project. Decision regarding loss compensation.
33	Antony Chacko, Kanjuparambil	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding the solution.
34	Lijimon , S/o Purushothaman	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding the solution.
35	Rudrani Ikkaratharayil	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding the solution.
37	Sudhamani Noottambathinchirayil	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding the solution.
38	Antony Eruprhiyezhinchirayil	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding the solution.
39	Joseph Thomas Ikkara	Only the land required for the project will be acquired at present. The decision regarding this will be taken by the Revenue Department. Compensation

40	Sarojini Moolechira	The Revenue Department takes the decision regarding the solution.
41	Renjith C G, Cherukadu	Only the land required for the project will be acquired at present. The decision regarding this will be taken by the Revenue Department. Compensation
42	Praseetha, Grama Panchayath President	The alignment has been determined in a manner that is convenient for the smooth implementation of the project. The final decision regarding compensation will be taken by the Revenue Department.
43	Rajeev R, Revenue Inspector	Not Applicable

❖ Land assessment

Describe with the help of maps information from land inventory and primary sources.

❖ Information about the land to be acquired

It belongs to Kainakari South Village and is located on both sides of the Thottuwatala Church ഇരുവശവുമായി റിസ. 289/3, 280/3, 270/4 290/1 290/6, 291/5-3, 288/2-2, 283/10, 279/2, 242/2, 274/8, 274/12, 274/9, 282/8, 282/5, 277/7, 270/13, 270/2, 270/10, 265/5, 265/4, 265/2, 277/6, 266/9, 266/9-2, 266/9-3, 266/9-4, 258/2 258/3 258/1, 266/1, 266/2, 258/8 258/9 258/10, 258/17 , 258/13, 244/11, 246/4, 244/1, 246/16, 244/8, 244/9, 244/9, 244/6, 229/1, 229/6, 283/11-9, 323/1A, 323/8, 277/9, 266/7, 244/2-1-2, 244/7, 244/2-1-2, the 2.3060 hectares (5 acres 70 cents) of land falling under the

numbers and the Public Works Department has not surveyed the land and the concerned Revenue Authorities or the Survey Department have not officially surveyed it. It is not clear how much land of each farmer will be acquired for this project. However, according to the survey conducted by the land surveyors, the total area is 2.3060 hectares. This is approximately 5 acres 70 cents of land. Since the official survey was not conducted, the subdivision number is also not accurate. It has been added. The exact area is in the final report.

❖ Entire area of impacts under the influence of the project. (not limited to land area for acquisition)

The land is being acquired on both sides of the Thottuwathala Church ditch. From Karuvatta Karuvatta Kuppappuram Road to the farm of Sivan Kutty Madathanil Thamalu, on both sides of this road, and then to the land belonging to Thiruhridaya Church, the field land is being acquired by changing the course of the existing road to reduce its length. Then again, from the farm of Devasya Ousep Unnitharaveetil to the Pazhur bridge, the land is being acquired on both sides of the road. Here, the house of Seethalakshmi Amma Irupathiyezhilchirayil, is also partially lost. Similarly, when we reach the land belonging to Thiruhridaya Church, part of the church's perimeter wall, the main gate along with the stage, the well and the courtyard are partially lost. The rainwater storage tank of Joseph Chacko Unnitharaveetil, is also being lost.

❖ Total land required for the project

The total area of 2.3060 hectares (5 acres 70 cents) of land belonging to Kainakari South Village and on both sides of Thottuthalapalli stream for the construction of Kallottuthara bridge and associated road across Thottuthalapalli stream as per the survey conducted by the Public Works Department after installing the marker (as the Public Works Department did not install the marker

and conduct the survey, it is not clear how much of each farmer's land will be acquired for this project)

❖ Land (if any) already purchased alienated, leased or acquired, and the intended use for each plot of land required for the project

Since this is an initial operation, no land has been acquired yet.

❖ Quantity and location of the land proposed to be acquired for the project.

For the construction of Kallottuthara Bridge and adjoining road across Thottuthalala Palli stream, 2.3060 hectares (5 acres 70 cents) of land belonging to Kainakari South Village and on both sides of Thottuthalala Palli stream will be acquired. From Karuvatta Karuvatta Kuppappuram Road to the farm of Sivan Kutty Madathanil Thamalu on both sides of this road and then to the Thiruhridaya Pallivaka land, the existing road will be diverted to reduce its length. Then again, land will be acquired from the farm of Devasya Ousep Unnitharaveetil to Pazhoor Bridge on both sides of the road.

❖ Nature, present use and classification of land and if agricultural land, irrigation Size of holding, ownership patterns, land distribution and number of residential houses

The land intended for the project is field land, where two-crop paddy cultivation and vegetable cultivation are being done. The land is being acquired on both sides of the Thottuwathala Palli Thod, from Karuvatta Kuppappuram Road to the farm of Sivan Kutty Madathanil Vittil on both sides of this road and then to the Thiruhridaya Palliwaka site, in order to reduce the length of the existing road, the land is being acquired completely through field land and then again from the farm of Devasya Ousep Unnitharaveetil on both sides of the Pazhurpalam 25 road. Here, the house of Seethalakshmi Amma Irupathiyezhilchirayil, is also partially lost. Similarly, when reaching the

Thiruhridaya Palliwaka site, part of the church's perimeter wall, the main gate along with the stage, the well and the courtyard are partially lost. The rainwater storage tank of Joseph Chacko Unnitharaveetil, is also being lost.

No	Landlords	Survey no	Type of land	phone number
1	Gigi Jacob S/o Chacko Polla	266/9, 266/9-2, 266/9-3, 266/9-4	The ground	9388862648
2	Ajayan Athithara	258/2 258/3 258/1	The ground	9745790212
3.	Gopalan S/o Surendran Mangalathuseril	283/10	The ground	9995689621
4	K.G. Gandhi S/o Govindan	279/2	The ground	9746440171
5	Ranjith C.G. Kuttithara	242/2	The ground	9744772936
6	Sisupalan S/o Raman Kalampukattu	274/8, 274/12	The ground	9288071700
7	Sudharma W/o Raman Kalampukattu	274/9	The ground	9288071700
8	Sivankutty S/o Neelakandan Madathanil Veetil	282/8	The ground	9605036678
9	Jijimon K.V. S/o Varkey Kalathithara	282/5	The ground	9447973069
10	Manoharan Pathin	277/7	The ground	9745614594

	Chirayil			
11	Annieamma Kunjumon Kuruvitasseril		The ground	9947134254
12	Antappan Chacko Karingattu	270/13	The ground	9388862648
13	Monsi S/o Ousef Pathilchirayil	270/2, 270/10	The ground	8086245588
14	Prasannan S/o Sreedharan Kalathu Chira	265/5	The ground	9497304562
15	Xavier Ouseph S/o Ouseph Irupatezhilchirayil	265/4	The ground	9633068214
16	Saju Antappan Karingattu	265/2	The ground	9388862648
17	Bobby Varghese S/o KV Varghese	277/6	The ground	9446858332 8921101110
18	Seethalakshmi Amma Irupatizhilchirayil	266/9, 266/9-2, 266/9-3, 266/9-4	The ground	8606875259
19	Vicar of the Sacred Heart Church	258/2 258/3 258/1	The ground	9446858332
20	David Irvathizhilchirayil	266/1, 266/2	The ground	9446155448
21	Devasya S/o Ouseph Unnitharaveettil	258/8 258/9 258/10	The ground	9207796203
22	Shaibu Joseph S/o Joseph Unnitharaveetil	258/17	The ground	7034835585 8606627103 (shyni)

23	P. J. Joshi S/o Joy	258/13	The ground	9744278257
24	Shaji Puthanpurakkal	244/11	The ground	9961366697
25	Leelamma Tayil		The ground	9497107575
26	Thomas S/o Ammini		The ground	9495120346
27	Thresyamma Gregorius Velam Parampil	246/4	The ground	7034122142 8129090225
28	Sasidharan s/o Kuttiyamma	244/1, 246/16	The ground	8606607762
29	Nishad S/o Maniyan	244/8	The ground	8848461432 (Nishad)
30	Suresh Kochuchattuthara	244/9	The ground	9961447026
31	Shinanandan Karamathra Veettil	244/9	The ground	9961447026 (Suresh)
32	M C Ani, S/o Chellappan Muttunkal	244/6	The ground	9446662361 9847433232
33	Antony Chacko, Kanjuparambil	229/1, 229/6	The ground	9544438732
34	Lijimon , S/o Purushothaman	283/11-9	The ground	8893002590
35	Rudrani Ikharatharayil	323/1A, 323/8	The ground	8589903695 9847046169
37	Sudhamani Noottambathinchirayil	277/9	The ground	9633884222
38	Antony Eruprhiyezhinchirayil	266/7	The ground	7902436822
39	Joseph Thomas Ikkara	244/2-1-2	The ground	9946792357
40	Sarojini Moolechira	244/7	The ground	9446357259
41	Renjith C G, Cherukadu	244/2-1-2	The ground	8547315510

❖ Land prices and recent changes in ownership, transfer and use of lands over the last 3 years

Here, the land price is different when it is adjacent to the road, and another price as you move inland, but the average price is up to 20,000 rupees per cent (one acre, i.e. 2 lakhs for ten cents).

❖ Estimation and enumeration (where required) of affected families and assets

❖ Estimation of families

(a) Families which are directly affected (own land that is proposed to be acquired)

This land acquisition directly (partially) affects only Mrs. Seethalakshmiamma.

(a) Inventory of productive assets and significant lands

Fruit trees such as coconut, kamuk, banana, mango, guava, and papaya, as well as trees such as acacia, Portia tree, and kodampuli, are being lost.

❖ Family of scheduled tribes and other traditional forest dwellers who have lost any of their forest rights.

No such tribal people live here.

❖ Families which depend on common property resources which will be affected due to acquisition of land for their livelihood

No

❖ Families which have been assigned land by the state government or the central government under any of its schemes and such land is under acquisition.

No

- ❖ **Families which have been residing on any land in the urban areas for preceeding 3 years or more prior to the acquisition of the land**

No

- ❖ **Families which are indirectly impacted by the project (not affected directly by the acquisition of own land)**

No

(a) Inventory of productive assets and significant lands

This land is being acquired for temporary (four-month) paddy cultivation. There are no other types of productive crops in this land. Here, the land is being acquired on both sides of the Thottuwatala church ditch. The house of Seethalakshmi Amma Irupathiyezhilchirayil, is partially lost. Similarly, when we reach the Thiruhridaya church site, part of the church's perimeter wall, the main gate along with the stage, the well and the courtyard are partially lost. The rainwater storage tank of Joseph Chacko Unnitharaveetil, is also lost.

Gigi Jacob S/o Chacko Polla

The land acquired on both sides of the road is a field/field where two crops of rice are grown, followed by vegetable cultivation.

Gopalan S/o Surendran Mangalasseril,

This is a field/land where two crops of rice are grown. It is divided into two parts. The road should be shifted to either the south or the north. Otherwise, the land should be acquired as a whole.

Gandhi Chaveli (Govindan Kompakkal)

This is a field/field where two-crop rice is grown, cut in two.

N R Parvathy D/o Ramankutty Kochukalathithara,

It is a rice field.

Raju S/o Kochittyathi Kuttithara

It is a land where two-crop rice is grown.

Usha Ravi Varma W/o Ravi Varmavanpalli

It is a land where two-crop rice is grown.

Shishupalan S/o Raman Kalambukadu

It is a land where two - crop rice is grown.

Sudharma W/o Sisupalan Kalambukadu

It is a land where two - crop rice is grown.

Sivan Kutty S/o Neelakandan Madathil Veetil

Is a farmer who cultivates two crops of rice

Jijimon K.V.T. Varki Kalathitthara

is a two-crop paddy farmer ,

Manoharan Pathilchira

Is a two-crop paddy farmer

Animma Kunjumon Kuruvidsherril

Is a two-crop paddy farmer

Antappan Chacko Karingattu

Is a land where two-crop rice is cultivated.

Monsy named Thomas Joseph S/o Useph Pathilchirayil,

It is a land where two-crop rice is grown.

Prasannan S/o Sreedharan Kalathuchira

It is a land where two-crop rice is grown.

Xavier Joseph S/o Joseph Irupathizhilchira,

It is a land where two-crop rice is grown.

Saju Santappan S/O Karingad

It is a land where two-crop rice is grown.

Bobby Varghese S/O KV Varghese in Kannulasseril

It is a land where two-crop rice is grown.

Seethalakshmi Amma, Erupathiyayil Chirayil

This is a field used for double crop rice cultivation. It is being cut in two and the house is partially lost. 2 coconut trees, 4 kamuk trees, and a banana tree are also lost.

Vicar, Sacred Heart Church

Part of the church's perimeter wall, the main gate along with the stage and well, and the courtyard are partially missing.

Saju, Erupathiyezhin Chirayil

It is a land where two-crop rice is grown.

Devasya S/o Ousep Unnitharaveetil

It is a land where two crops of rice are cultivated and 5 coconut trees, bananas, etc. are lost.

Shaibu Joseph S/o Joseph Unnitharaveetil

4 coconut trees, 3 kamuk trees, fruit trees like banana, mango, guava, papaya, trees like acacia and kodampuli, and rainwater harvesting are being lost.

1. P. J. Joshi T/E Joy, 2. Dalia / J.P. Joshi Pallikkal house

It is a land where two-crop rice is grown.

Shaji Puthanpurakkal

It is a land where two-crop rice is grown.

Leelamma Tayil

It is a land where two-crop rice is grown.

Thomas's S/o Ammini

It is a land where two-crop rice is grown.

Thresyamma Gregorios Velambarampil

It is a land where two-crop rice is grown.

Sasidharan S/o Kuttiyamma's Karamathraveetil

Is a field where two crops of rice are grown.

The land acquired on both sides of the existing road is a two-crop paddy field.
One of the flower beds is lost and a part of the land is lost.

1.Maniyan S/o Kesavan 2, Valasini W/o Kesavan Panamukkathveetil

The land acquired is on both sides of the existing road and is a land for dual-crop rice cultivation.

Suresh Kochuchattuthara Sivanandan Karamathraveetil

It is a land where two-crop rice is grown,

MC Anil S/o Chellappan Muttungal

The width is increased on only one side. Therefore, more space is lost.

Antony Chacko Kanjuparampil (Vishnu Namboodiri Kulangara Illathu)

It is a land where two-crop rice is grown,

- ❖ **Socio- economic and cultural profile (affected area and resettlement site)**

❖ **Demographic details of the population in the project area**

Since the area being acquired is a field, there are few permanent residents in these areas. The house of Seethalakshmi Amma Irupathiyezhilchirayil, is partially lost. In addition to Seethalakshmi Amma (65 years old), her son, daughter-in-law and two grandchildren live in that family. Similarly, when we reach the Thiruhridaya Pallivaka site, part of the church's perimeter wall, the main gate along with the stage, the well and the courtyard are partially lost. The rainwater tank of Joseph Chacko Unnitharaveetil is also lost.

Income and poverty levels

Since the area is a field, two-crop rice cultivation is practiced. The permanent residents of the area are vegetable farmers, cattle breeders, and agricultural labours and there are few people below the poverty line. Along with this, there are also a few fishermen.

❖ **Vulnerable groups**

NÃ

❖ **Land use and livelihood**

Since it is a field, two crops of rice are grown. The permanent residents of the area grow vegetables and raise cattle. There are also drivers, daily wage earners, and traders.

❖ **Local economic activities**

Local economic development is mainly based on agriculture, wage labor, fishing, driving, small business and commercial establishments, as well as tourism, which is also important due to the lakeside location.

❖ **Factors that contribute to local livelihood**

The main contributors to local livelihoods are tourism and related small-scale commercial enterprises, agriculture, wage labour, fishing, and driving in addition

❖ **Kinship patterns and social and cultural organizations.**

Since this is a field area, there are few permanent residents living near the fields. They are ordinary families, not nuclear families. Within about three kilometers of the project area, there is a Gram Panchayat office, primary health center, village office, schools, and places of worship for people of all religions. Similarly, this place is also very important for water transportation.

❖ **Administrative organizations**

The area is part of the 10th ward of Kainakari Grama Chanayam, which is part of the local administration system.

❖ **Political organizations**

Political parties like CPI(M), Indian National Congress, Communist Party of India and BJP have a lot of influence in this area.

❖ **Community based and civil society organizations**

No such organizations operate in this area.

❖ **Regional dynamics and historical change processes**

This area, which falls under the Kainakari Grama Panchayat, is a rice-growing area. The landowners here used to depend entirely on agriculture in the past. However, in the current situation where agriculture is not entirely profitable, they are also engaged in driving, trading, fishing and other daily wage jobs. Therefore, it can be concluded that there have been no significant changes in the

socio-economic and cultural sectors of this area and that gradual progress has been achieved.

This area, which was under the rule of the Chembakassery dynasty, has a unique historical background. The lake area near the Vembanad Lake and the land filled with soil have all helped in the development of the area. The role played by the brothers Mathai Luka and Ousep Luka Pallithanam of Kainadi village in turning the lake into land is worth mentioning. If we look at the village of Kainakari, constant floods and the resulting damage to houses and crops occur every year. During the floods of 2018, the entire village was relocated. Therefore, only by creating proper drainage and protecting the lives and property of the people of this historically important area, the attractiveness of the world-famous tourist destination can be further improved. This area, known as Little Holland of Kerala, is famous for boating, houseboats and boat clubs.

In the early days, a person named Kanaka was the leader of the agricultural activities in the fields here. Therefore, this place was known as Kanakanete Kari, which means Kanakanete Bhumi, and later it was shortened and became known as Kainakari. The Nehru Trophy Boat Race, the most important water festival in Kerala, is still associated with the lives of the people of this area. This area, which is an important center for freshwater fish resources, is also an attractive center for film shooting. Currently, there is a partially tarred panchayat road through this. Since there are fields on both sides of this road, during the rainy season, people in the area feel the need to go to the panchayat office, village office, primary health center, etc. It is also difficult to meet their needs in various places of worship.

Quality of living environment

There is a better living situation in this area.

Social Impact Management Plan

Approach to mitigation

From Karuvatta Kuppappuram Road to Pazhurpalam; Land is being acquired for the construction of a road connecting Pazhurpalam with Kainakari Road and for the construction of a stone bridge across the Thottuthala Palli stream. The need and benefits of this have been mentioned above. The house of Seethalakshmi Amma Irupathiezhil Chirayil, is partially lost. Similarly, when we reach the Thiruhridaya Pallivaka site, part of the church's perimeter wall, the main gate along with the stage, the well and the courtyard are partially lost. The rainwater tank of Joseph Chacko Unnithara Veetil, is also lost.

Measures to avoid mitigate and compensate impact

There is no way to avoid the impact of land acquisition. The land that is used for two crops of paddy is being acquired. Special permission is required to use the land for other purposes by filling it with soil. Similarly, another important issue is irrigation. When the land is filled with soil and the road is constructed, the field in the area is divided into two. In such a case, the necessary culverts and drainage channels can be made at the bottom of this approach road to maintain the necessary irrigation facilities for agriculture in the field. The house of Seethalakshmi Amma Irupathiezhil Chirayil, is partially lost. Similarly, when we reach the Thiruhridaya Church site, part of the church's perimeter wall, the main gate along with the stage, the well and the courtyard are partially lost. Joseph Chacko Unnitharaveetil

Rainwater harvesting is also being lost. When houses, church land, and rainwater harvesting are lost, their impacts can be mitigated through legal and

fair compensation. If there is fallow land available in the vicinity to replace the lost paddy fields, it can be used for agriculture.

Financial measures

Appropriate compensation is the solution.

Environmental measures

Field land is being reclaimed. Special permission is required to reclaim field land for other purposes. Water irrigation that is disrupted when the road is being constructed must be resolved. Facility through culvert construction.

Measures that are included in the terms of rehabilitation and resettlement and compensation as outlined in the act

Nothing specific is mentioned

- ❖ **Alterations to project design and additional measures that may be required to address the extent and intensity of impacts across various groups as identified during the social impact assessment process**

After much study, the new alignment has been prepared with maximum damage avoidance in mind. Therefore, no significant changes are required in the project design.

The land surveyors have marked the required area and conducted a survey in connection with the construction of the bridge and associated road, but the relevant revenue authorities or the survey department have not officially conducted a survey.

❖ Detailed mitigation plan

The land being acquired is a field used for two crops of paddy. The existing road from the farm of Sivan Kutty Madathanil Vittil to the Thiruhridaya Church

site is diverted from the existing road and when the field land is acquired, most people's farmland is cut into two. If this road is taken over in this area, it will reduce the number of complaints that the farmland is cut into two and this road will be useful for more people.

SIMP- Institutional framework

- **Description of institutional structures and key person responsible for each mitigation measures**
- RFCTLARR Act of assigned Revenue authorities
- Specify role of NGO's etc, if involved

NO

Indicate capacities required and capacity building plan, including technical assistance, if any

This project is being implemented by the Bridges and Roads Division of the Public Works Department, Government of Kerala. They are the ones who construct the bridges and roads required in the state for the government, so there is no need for special projects for capacity building.

- Timelines for each activity

It has been learned that the project is expected to be completed in two and a half years once the tender for this project is awarded.

Social impact management plan Budget and financing of mitigation plan

- ❖ Cost of all resettlement and rehabilitation costs

Budget provision and outlay are not mentioned in the Soil Investigation Report.

- ❖ Annual budget and plan of action . Initial stage of this project is been worked on.
- ❖ Funding sources with breakup. Initial stage of this project is been worked on.

SIMP- Monitoring and evaluation

❖ Key monitoring and evaluative indicators

Subject to the provisions of the RFCTLARR Act, 2013 and the same (Kerala) Rules, 2015

Reporting mechanisms and monitoring roles

Subject to the provisions of the RFCTLARR Act, 2013 and the same (Kerala) Rules, 2015

Plan for independent evaluation

Subject to the provisions of the RFCTLARR Act, 2013 and the same (Kerala) Rules, 2015

Analysis of costs and benefits and recommendation on acquisition Final conclusions on:

❖ Assessment of public purpose

The need for the construction of a road connecting the Kallottuthara bridge across the Thottuthalapalli stream and the road connecting the Karuvatta Kuppappuram road to the Pazhur bridge with the Pazhur bridge Kainakari road was mentioned in the introduction. At present, there is a partially tarred panchayat road through this road. Since there are fields on both sides of this road, during the rainy season, the people of the area face difficulty in going to places like the Panchayat Office, the Primary Health Center and fulfilling various needs. Similarly, it is difficult to go to places of worship and fulfilling spiritual needs. Apart from that, it was mentioned that this area is a field. Here, two crops of paddy are cultivated and then vegetable cultivation is done.

During the rainy season, it is not possible to apply fertilizers and pesticides to paddy cultivation in a timely manner. If this bridge and the associated road become a reality, it will be very beneficial for the agricultural sector. When this

bridge and the approach road are constructed at a cost of about forty crore rupees, the suffering experienced by the people of this area during the rainy season will be alleviated. Along with increasing travel facilities through this road, which is adjacent to the paddy fields, farmers will be able to easily transport their products to the nearest marketing center, thereby increasing their income. Although about five acres of field land will be lost in the first phase, the production loss caused by this will be compensated by the increase in income.

❖ Less displacing alternatives

The field land that is used for two crops of paddy is being acquired. From the farm of Sivan Kutty Madathanil Vittil to the Thiruhridaya Church site, the existing road is diverted from the existing road and the field land is being acquired, which also cuts the farmland of most people into two. If this road is shifted a little further south and north when it is acquired in this area, it will not only reduce the number of complaints that the farmland is being cut into two, but it will also be useful for more people.

❖ Minimum requirement of land

It has been clarified that the total area required for the construction of the Kallottuthara Bridge and the associated road across the Thottuthalala Church Stream is 2.3060 hectares. This is approximately 5 acres and 70 cents of land. This is the minimum land required.

❖ Nature and intensity of social impacts

There is no way to avoid the impact of land acquisition. The land that is used for two crops of paddy is being acquired. Special permission is required to fill the land with soil and use it for other purposes. Similarly, another important issue is irrigation. When the land is filled with soil and the road is built, the field

in the area is cut into two. Many people are also concerned about how water will be supplied to the field. Seethalakshmi Amma Irupathiyezhilchirayil, the owner of the house, is partially lost. Similarly, when we reach the Thiruhridaya Pallivaka site, part of the surrounding wall of the church, the stage along with the main gate, the well and the courtyard are partially lost. Joseph Chacko's rainwater tank is also lost in Unnitharaveetil.

❖ Viable mitigation measures extent to which mitigation measures will address costs

Since there are fields on both sides of this road, during the rainy season, the people of the area face difficulty in reaching places like the Panchayat Office, Village Office, Primary Health Center, etc. and in fulfilling various needs. Double crop rice and vegetable cultivation are done here. During the rainy season, it is not possible to apply fertilizers and pesticides to rice cultivation in a timely manner. If this bridge and the associated road become a reality, it will be very beneficial for the agricultural sector. Therefore, the amount spent on this project will not be wasted.

❖ Final recommendation on whether the acquisition should go through or not

It is proposed to acquire 2.3080 hectares of land (5 Acres 70 cents) under various survey numbers for the construction of the Kallottuthara bridge across the Thottuthalapalli stream and the road connecting the Pazhurpalam to the Pazhurpalam Kainakari road from Karuvatta Kuppappuram road. At present, there is a partially tarred panchayat road through this. Since both sides of this road are fields, during the rainy season, the people of the area face difficulty in going to places like the panchayat office, village office, primary health center and fulfilling various needs. Here, two-crop paddy cultivation is done here, and during the rainy season, vegetable cultivation is

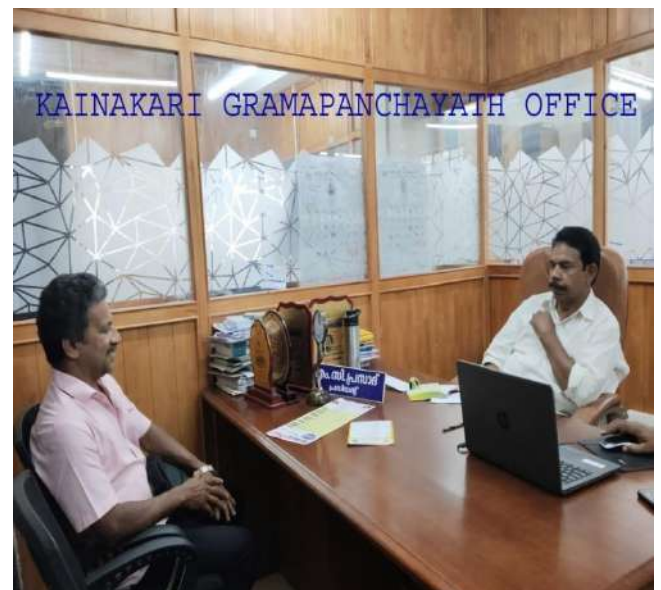
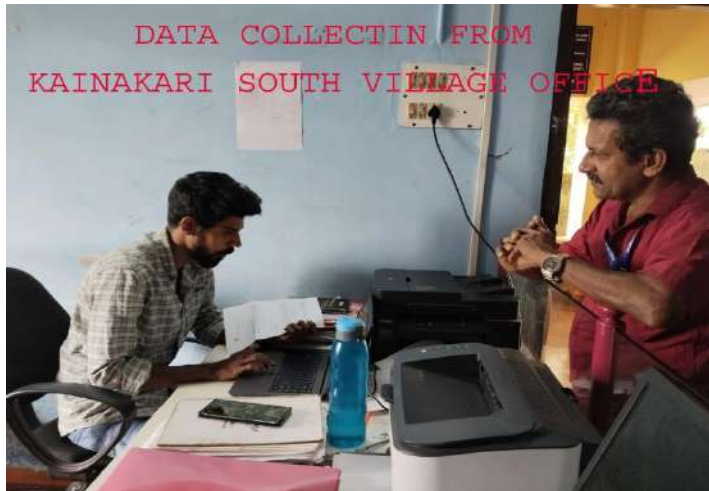
done, and fertilizer and pesticide application for paddy cultivation are not done in a timely manner. However, the fact that the field land is being used for other purposes by digging the soil and using it for soil cannot be hidden. If the bridge and the related road become a reality, the agricultural It is very beneficial for the region. Therefore, it is recommended to proceed with the land acquisition process for this project.



Chairman
Social Impact Assessment Study
KAIROS- Kannur



Office Visit –Gramapanchayath, LA department, Village Office



Public Hearing Meeting



Photographs of the land to be acquired

(JIJI MON) KALATHILTHARA



BOBY VARGHESE KANNULASSERIL



ANTONEY KANHOOPARAMBIL



(Sivankutty) Madathanil

MC ANILKUMAR MUTTUNKAL



THRESSYAMMA GRIGORIYOSE
VELAMPARAMBIL



JOSHY & DALIYA
PALLIKKALVEETIL



DEVASYA OUSEPH
UNNITHARAVEETIL



SASIDHARAN KARAMATHRAVETIL



SEETHALAKSHMIYAMMA
TRUPATHIYEZHILCHIRAYIL







കേരള ഗസറ്റ് KERALA GAZETTE

അസാധാരണം EXTRAORDINARY

ആധികാരികമായി പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തുന്നത്
PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

വാല്യം 13 Vol. XIII	തിരുവനന്തപുരം, വ്യാഴം Thiruvananthapuram, Thursday	2024 ഡിസംബർ 12 12th December 2024 1200 വൃശ്ചികം 27 27th Vrischikam 1200 1946 അഗ്രഹായണം 21 21st Agrahayana 1946	നമ്പർ No.	3961
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GOVERNMENT OF KERALA REVENUE (B) DEPARTMENT NOTIFICATION

G.O.(P)No.304/2024/RD

Dated,Thiruvananthapuram,04/12/2024

S. R. O. No. 1148/2024

WHEREAS, it appears to the Government of Kerala that the land specified in the Schedule below is needed or likely to be needed for a public purpose, to wit for the acquisition of 2.3067 Hectares of land in Kainakary South Village of Alappuzha district for the construction of Kallottuthara bridge & its approach road.

AND WHEREAS, in exercise of the powers conferred in sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013 (Central Act 30 of 2013), Government of Kerala have decided to conduct a Social Impact Assessment in the area specified in the schedule below.

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NOW THEREFORE, sanction is hereby accorded to Social Impact Assessment Unit, viz. KAIROS, Kannur to conduct a Social Impact assessment Study and to prepare a Social Impact Assessment Plan as provided in the Act. The process shall be completed within a period of 3 months in any case.

SCHEDULE

District: Alappuzha

Taluk : Kuttanad

Village : Kainakary South

(The extent given is approximate)

Survey Nos	Description (Village)	Extent in Hectares
295/Pt, 289/pt, 283/pt, 288/pt, 287/pt, 285/pt, 274/pt, 284/pt, 282/pt, 280/pt, 281/pt, 277/pt, 278/pt, 276/pt, 265/pt, 270/pt, 266/pt, 267/pt, 262/pt, 257/pt, 256/pt, 255/pt, 258/pt, 259/pt, 252/pt, 245/pt, 246/pt, 244/pt, 229/pt, 231/pt, 243/pt, 247/pt, 232/pt, 291/pt, 290/pt	Kainakary South	2.3067

By order of the Governor,

SNEHALATHA K

JOINT SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT

Explanatory Note

(This does not form part of the notification, but is intended to indicate its general purport)

The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Rules has come into force on 19.09.2015 and as per Rule 10 notifying a Social Impact Assessment Unit for conducting Social Impact Assessment Study is required. Requisition has been received for acquiring 2.3067 Hectares of land in Kainakary South Village of Alappuzha district for the construction of Kallottuthara bridge & its approach road.

The notification is intended to achieve the above object.

PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF GOVERNMENT PRESSES
AT THE GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRESS, THIRUVANANTHAPURAM, 2024

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കളക്ടറേറ്റ് ആലപ്പുഴ
തീയതി:28-12-2024

ജില്ലാ കളക്ടർ
ആലപ്പുഴ
Director
KAIROS
Burnassery
Kannur-670013

സർ,

വിഷയം : സ്ഥലമെടുപ്പ്- കട്ടനാട് താലൂക്കിൽ കൈനകരി സൊത്ത് വില്ലേജിൽ കല്ലൊട്ടുതറ പാലം- അപ്രോച്ച് റോഡ് നിർമ്മാണം-4(1) വിജ്ഞാപനം സംബന്ധിച്ച് .

സൂചന : 1 അസാധാരണ ഗസറ്റ് നം-3961 വാല്യം 13 തീയതി 12/12/2024

സൂചനയിലേക്കു ശ്രദ്ധ ക്ഷണിക്കുന്നു.കട്ടനാട് താലൂക്കിലെ കൈനകരി സൊത്ത് വില്ലേജിലെ കല്ലൊട്ടുതറ പാലം- അപ്രോച്ച് റോഡ് നിർമ്മാണവുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് പാലം നിർമ്മാണത്തിനായി ഏറ്റെടുക്കേണ്ട ഭൂമിയുടെ സാമൂഹ്യപ്രത്യാഘാത പഠനത്തിനായി താങ്കളുടെ ഏജൻസിയെ സൂചന വിജ്ഞാപനം പ്രകാരം സർക്കാർ ചുമതലപ്പെടുത്തിയിട്ടുള്ളതാണ്. നിശ്ചിത സമയപരിധിക്കുള്ളിൽ പഠനം നടത്തി റിപ്പോർട്ട് സമർപ്പിക്കുന്നതിലേക്കായി സൂചന വിജ്ഞാപനത്തിന്റെ പകർപ്പ് ഇതോടൊപ്പം അയയ്ക്കുന്നു.

വിശ്വസ്തതയോടെ,
ജില്ലാ കളക്ടർക്കുവേണ്ടി
ഡെപ്യൂട്ടികളക്ടർ(എൽ.എ)

ഉള്ളടക്കം-അസാധാരണ ഗസറ്റ് നം-3961 വാല്യം 13 തീയതി 12/12/2024

Public Hearing Notice published in Mangalam Daily News -

17.04.2025

ഫോറം നമ്പർ 5 ചട്ടം (14) 1 കാണുക

പരസ്യം

ആലപ്പുഴ ജില്ലയിൽ കൂട്ടനാട് താലൂക്കിൽ കൈനകരി സൗത്ത് വില്ലേജിൽ താഴെ പട്ടികയിൽ വ്യക്തമാക്കപ്പെട്ട ഭൂമി പൊതു താൽപര്യത്തിന് ആവശ്യമുള്ളതിനാലും അല്ലെങ്കിൽ ആവശ്യമാകാൻ സാധ്യത ഉള്ളതിനാലും 12.12.2024 ലെ അസാധാരണ ഗസറ്റ് വിജ്ഞാപനത്തിന് അനുബന്ധമായി 2013 ലെ ഭൂമി ഏറ്റെടുക്കലിൽ ന്യായമായ നഷ്ടപരിഹാരത്തിനും സുതാര്യതയ്ക്കും പുനരധിവാസത്തിനും പുനസ്ഥാപനത്തിനുമുള്ള അവകാശനിയമത്തിലെ വകുപ്പ് 4 ഉപവകുപ്പ്(1) പ്രകാരം പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തുന്നത്. ഈ ഭൂമിയുമായി താൽപര്യപ്പെടുന്ന മുഴുവൻ വ്യക്തികളും, സാമൂഹ്യാലാത പഠന റിപ്പോർട്ട് തയ്യാറാക്കുന്നതിന് വേിയുള്ള പൊതുഅവകാശവാദ യോഗത്തിന് 02.05.2025-ാം തീയതി വെള്ളിയാഴ്ച രാവിലെ 10.30 ന് കൈനകരി ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് ഹാളിൽ ഹാജരാകണമെന്ന് ഇതിനാൽ അറിയിക്കുന്നു.

നമ്പർ	സർവ്വേ നമ്പർ	വില്ലേജ്	ഒഴുക്കുമസ്ഥർ
1	289/3, 280/3, 270/4 290/1 290/6	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ജിജി ജേക്കബ് പൊള്ളയിൽ
2	283/10	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ഗോപാലൻ മംഗലശ്ശേരിൽ
3		കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ഗാന്ധി ചാവേലി
4	283/9	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	എൻ ആർ പാർവ്വതി
5	287/9	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	സദാശിവൻ ചെമ്മങ്ങാട്ട്
6	288/1	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ഉഷ രവിവർമ്മ
7	274/8, 274/12	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ശിശുപാലൻ അവലൂക്കുന്ന്
8	274/9	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	സുധർമ്മ W/o ശിശുപാലൻ
9	282/8	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ശിവൻ കുട്ടി S/o നീലകണ്ഠൻ
10	282/5	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ജിജിമോൻ കെവി
11	277/7	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	മനോഹരൻ പത്തിൽപിറയിൽ
12		കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ആനമ്മ കുഞ്ഞുമോൻ, കുര്യൻകുറുപ്പിൽ
13	270/13	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ആന്റണി ചാക്കോ കുരിങ്ങാട്ട്
14	270/2, 270/10	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	മോൻസി എന്ന തോമസ് ഔസേപ്പ്
15	265/5	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	പ്രസന്നൻ S/o ശ്രീധരൻ കാളത്തുപിറ
16	265/4	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	സേവ്യർ ഔസേപ്പ് S/o ഔസേപ്പ്
17	265/2	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	സാജു സാൻറോ S/o കുരിങ്ങാട്
18	266/6	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ബോബി വർഗീസ് കണ്ണുകുറുപ്പിൽ
19		കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	സീതാലക്ഷ്മിയമ്മ
20	258/2 258/3 258/1	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	വികാത്, തിരുഹൃദയം പള്ളികാര്യം
21	258/13	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	1. പി ജെ ജോഷി S/o ജോയി 2. ഡാലിയ W/o പി ജെ ജോഷി പള്ളിക്കൽവീട്ടിൽ
22		കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	സാജു ഇരുപത്തിയെഴിൽപിറയിൽ,
23	258/8 258/9 258/10	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ദേവസ്യ S/o ഔസേപ്പ്
24	258/15 258/16	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ഷൈബുജോസഫ് ഉണ്ണിത്തറവീട്ടിൽ,
25		കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ഷാജി പുത്തൻപുരക്കൽ
26		കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ലീലമ്മ തമ്പിൾ
27		കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	തോമസ് S/o അമ്മിണി
28	246/4	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	തേന്മുക്കം ഗ്രിഗോറിയോസ്
29	244/1, 246/16	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ശശിധരൻ S/o കുട്ടിയമ്മ കരമത്രവീട്ടിൽ
30	244/8	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	1. മണിയൻ കേശവൻ 2. വലാസിനി കേശവൻ പനമുക്കൽവീട്ടിൽ
31	244/9	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ശിവാനന്ദൻ കരമത്രവീട്ടിൽ
32	244/6	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	എംസി അനി S/o ചെല്ലപ്പൻ മുട്ടുകൽ
33	229/1, 229/6	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ആന്റണി ചാക്കോ കാഞ്ഞുപറമ്പിൽ

കണ്ണൂർ
16.04.2025

(ഒപ്പ്) ഫാ. ജോർജ്ജ് മാത്യു
ചെയർമാൻ, സാമൂഹ്യ ആലാത പഠന യൂണിറ്റ്

കനാ ബാങ്ക് കനറാ ബാങ്ക് Canara Bank

റിജിയണൽ ഓഫീസ്: ആലപ്പുഴ,
ഗ്രാൻ ഫ്ലോർ BSNL ബിൽഡിംഗ് മുമ്പാകെ, ആലപ്പുഴ-688011

കൂട്ട 330ന ദൈവവചന പ്രഘോഷണവും കൂരിശാ എട്ടിന് ദിവ്യബലി.

ഫോറം നമ്പർ 5 ചട്ടം (14) 1 കാണുക പരസ്യം

ആലപ്പുഴ ജില്ലയിൽ കൂട്ടനാട് താലൂക്കിൽ കൈനകരി സൗത്ത് വില്ലേജിൽ താഴെ പട്ടികയിൽ വ്യക്തമാക്കപ്പെട്ട ഭൂമി പൊതു താൽപര്യത്തിന് ആവശ്യമുള്ളതിനാലും അല്ലെങ്കിൽ ആവശ്യമുണ്ടാകാൻ സാധ്യത ഉള്ളതിനാലും 12.12.2024 ലെ അസാധാരണ ഗസറ്റ് വിജ്ഞാപനത്തിന് അനുബന്ധമായി 2013 ലെ ഭൂമി ഏറ്റെടുക്കലിൽ ന്യായമായ നഷ്ടപരിഹാരത്തിനും സുതാര്യതയ്ക്കും പുനരധിവാസത്തിനും പുനസ്ഥാപനത്തിനുമുള്ള അവകാശനിയമത്തിലെ വകുപ്പ് 4 ഉപവകുപ്പ്(1) പ്രകാരം പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തുന്നത്. ഈ ഭൂമിയുമായി താൽപര്യപ്പെടുന്ന മുഴുവൻ വ്യക്തികളും, സാമൂഹ്യഘാത പഠന റിപ്പോർട്ട് തയ്യാറാക്കുന്നതിന് വേണ്ടിയുള്ള പൊതുഅവകാശവാദ യോഗത്തിന് 02.05.2025-ാം തീയതി വെള്ളിയാഴ്ച രാവിലെ 10.30ന് കൈനകരി ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് ഹാളിൽ ഹാജരാകണമെന്ന് ഇതിനാൽ അറിയിക്കുന്നു.

നമ്പർ	സർവ്വേ നമ്പർ	വില്ലേജ്	ഭൂമിമുടക്കം
1	289/3, 289/3, 270/4 290/1 290/6	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ജിജി ജേക്കബ് പൊള്ളയിൽ
2	283/10	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ഗോപാൽ മംഗലശ്ശേരിൽ
3		കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ഗാസി ചാവേരി
4	283/9	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	എൻ ആർ പാർവ്വതി
5	287/9	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	സദാശിവൻ ചെമ്മങ്ങാട്
6	288/1	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ഉഷ രവിവർമ്മ
7	274/8, 274/12	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ശിശുപാലൻ അവലൂക്കുന്ന്
8	274/9	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	സുധർമ്മ W/o ശിശുപാലൻ
9	282/8	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ശിവൻ കുട്ടി S/o നീലകണ്ഠൻ
10	282/5	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ജിജിമോൻ കെവി
11	277/7	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	മനോഹരൻ പത്തിൽചിറയിൽ
12		കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ആനീമ്മ കുഞ്ഞുമോൻ, കുര്യവിടശ്ശേരിൽ
13	270/13	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ആന്റണി ചാക്കോ കരിങ്ങാട്
14	270/2, 270/10	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	മേൽസി എന്ന തോമസ് ഔസേപ്പ്
15	285/5	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	പ്രസന്നൻ S/o ശ്രീധരൻ കാളത്തുചിറ
16	285/4	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	സേവ്യർ ഔസേപ്പ് S/o ഔസേപ്പ്
17	285/2	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	സംജു സാൻ്റ് ജോർജ്ജ് S/o കരിങ്ങാട്
18	286/6	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ബോബി വർഗീസ് കണ്ണുളശ്ശേരിൽ
19		കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	സീതാലക്ഷ്മിമ്മമ്മ
20	258/2 258/3 258/1	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	വികാരി, തിരുഹിന്ദ്രയം പള്ളിക്കാട്ടം
21	258/13	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	1. പി ജെ ജോഷി S/o ജോയി 2. ഡാലിയ W/o പി ജെ ജോഷി പള്ളിക്കൽവീട്ടിൽ
22		കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	സാജു ഇരുപത്തിയെഴിൽചിറയിൽ,
23	258/8 258/9 258/10	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ദേവസ്യ S/o ഔസേപ്പ്.
24	258/15 258/16	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	കൈബുജോസഫ് ഉണ്ണിത്തറവീട്ടിൽ,
25		കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ഷാജി പുത്തൻപുരക്കൽ
26		കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ലീലാമ്മ തമ്പിൾ
27		കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	തോമസ് S/o അമ്മിണി
28	246/4	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ത്രേസ്യമ്മ ഗ്രിഗോറിയോസ്
29	244/1, 246/16	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ശശിധരൻ S/o കുട്ടിമ്മമ്മ കരമത്തറവീട്ടിൽ
30	244/8	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	1. മണിയൻ കേശവൻ 2. വലാസിനി കേശവൻ പനമുക്കൽവീട്ടിൽ
31	244/9	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ശിവാനന്ദൻ കരമത്തറവീട്ടിൽ
32	244/6	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	എംസി അനി S/o ചെല്ലപ്പൻ മുട്ടുങ്കൽ
33	229/1, 229/6	കൈനകരിസൗത്ത്	ആന്റണി ചാക്കോ കാഞ്ഞുപറമ്പിൽ

കണ്ണൂർ
16.04.2025

(ഒപ്പ്) ഫാ. ജോർജ്ജ് മാത്യു
ചെയർമാൻ, സാമൂഹ്യ ആഘാത പഠന യൂണിറ്റ്

C2504-560240

Public Hearing Notice

ഫേരിറം നമ്പർ 5 ചട്ടം (14) 1 കോണ്ടുക
പരസ്യം

[illegible][illegible]

തോട്ടവൃത്തി പട്ടികയിലെ ജനറൽ കമ്മ്യൂണിറ്റി പാലം
 തുറന്നുവെക്കുന്നതിനും റോഡിൽ നിന്നും പഴുർ പാലം വഴി
 തെക്കൻ റോഡിലായി ബന്ധിപ്പിക്കുന്ന റോഡ് നിർമ്മാണവും
 സ്വതന്ത്രപ്രവർത്തിക്കുവാൻ ഭൂമി കൈമാറ്റത്തിൽ സാമൂഹ്യാചാര
 പരമം - പൊതു സൗകര്യവാദി ഡോ. മിനർ.
 2025. ജൂൺ 2. തെക്കൻ റോഡ് പാലം - 10.30 Am
 പങ്കെടുത്തവരുടെ പേരും ഒപ്പും.

1. N.A. പാലം Tanyal
2. ശശിധരൻ - S
3. ഭരണ ഭരണ മേൽപ്പത്ര - H
4. ഭരണ മേൽപ്പത്ര കലവൻ. J. J. J.
5. തോട്ടം 2000 രൂപയ്ക്ക് H
6. ഫാ. സാവിത്രി (നോർത്ത്) മനോർ (വിജയ്, S.H. പട്ട) H
7. ബോർഡ് കമ്മിറ്റി മെമ്പർ H
8. അനിൽ. മ. ബോർഡ്, നട്ടിലെൻ. H
9. ദിനേശ്, ഭരണ മേൽപ്പത്ര H
10. K.V. കമ്മിറ്റി K.V. H
11. അനന്തൻ 2712 എൻ H
12. M. അനി H
13. ബോർഡ് 2712 എൻ David
14. ബോർഡ് 2712 എൻ - H
15. നിർമ്മാണം, മെമ്പർ, നട്ടിലെൻ. P.O. H
16. ദിനേശ്, ഭരണ മേൽപ്പത്ര H
17. H

18. Jeevan Thomas
Canton. Karjaparamba, Guern

19 Rengith. C. 4 chesubad pillikaduvil
Aminakaray. P.O. Pg 12

20 Apr 1964 J. Carson Ther

21 Handwritten Response to Question

১২ ১৫৭ ২২০ ০০ ১০০ ১১৭

23 k. g. 50 cm } 29. 10. 1950

24 സിനിയെക്കുറിച്ച്

25. $m_1 \omega_1 = m_2 \omega_2$

20. Wingless fly

30 6/11/11 8:00
7/1 11/11/11 8:00

31 (25) Thru

32 ബിന്ദുവേഗം $\frac{1}{2}$ Buñi

33 ശേഷം 1.1.19. A.

20. 20.11.2020 20.11.2020 20.11.2020

34 ~~Carol~~ Nancy Pollayil

[illegible]

35 Gigi brabe ~~da~~

36 Saju Santapan Saju


37 Antagon

31 Antares

38 $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

39

59 Ganga P Nair, As General Alp. 1/1

40 Page 2. Remove Inspector 

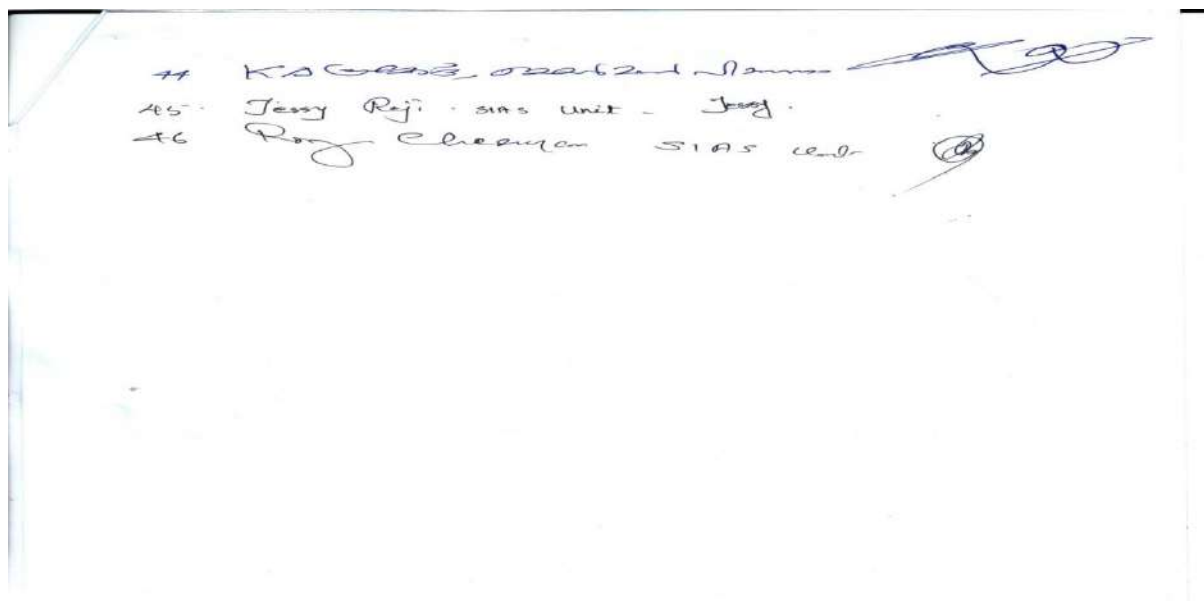
LA General Alappuzha.

#11 പ്രസിദ്ധ വിനിയോഗങ്ങൾ താഴെ പ്രസ്താവിക്കുക Prasiddha.

4.2. Practical 2: Drawing the graph of $y = \sin x$ and $y = \cos x$ for $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$.

[illegible]

43 Revathy. k. s



Chairman
Social Impact Assessment Study
KAIROS- Kannur

